

12 Feb 2020 Unlocking Facility Value Through Life Cycle Thinking

Presenters:

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Agenda

- Part 1 BIM (Digital Twin) Transition Documentation and **Planning** – Case of Sequater Journey – Rodney Stewart (5 mins)
- Part 2 Case Study 1: Seqwater Canungra Water Treatment **Plant - Back-building digital twins of water assets – Getting the** LOD-LOI business case right – Sherif Mostafa (5 mins)
- Part 3 Case Study 2: QLD Government Department of Housing and Public Works – Evaluating the Benefits of BIM for life cycle asset maintenance of remote government housing – Emiliya *Suprun* (5 mins) LiDAR scan 3D LOD 350 to LOD 400 LOD 500 seqwater model – LOD 300

Strategy

THE A

Questions (5 mins)





<u>Part 1</u>: *BIM (Digital Twin) Transition Documentation and Planning*



Not terribly novel stuff – But worth mentioning that knowing what you want from BIM to meet your organisational goals and specifying it to your supply chain is essential before embarking on this BIM journey – **else business value may** be destroyed by the technological disruption



BIM and Digital Asset Management Strategy

Oueensland. Australia

Making BIM Level 2 'Business As Usual'

Drawings and models are always going to be important. However, for **asset management** that goes beyond the design and construction period, it is the data that is important





The Lifecycle of the Digital and Physical Asset

BIM (Digital Twin) Roadmap Workshop and Report for Seqwater

Workshop Facilitators:

Brian Smith (Director, Optimised Maintenance, <u>optimisedmaintenance.com</u>) Brian leads **Optimised Maintenance** to work with businesses in improving the understanding and execution of their assets by optimising the asset management practices.



Richard Simpson (Director, Meta Moto, <u>metamoto.com.au</u>) *Richard leads* **Meta Moto** *leveraging over 25 years' international experience advising in the development, implementation, and delivery of strategic assignments including geo-spatial and BIM projects.*

Rodney Stewart, Emiliya Suprun and Sherif Mostafa (Research Team, **Griffith University**, <u>https://www.griffith.edu.au/cities-research-institute/</u>) The **GU team** are researchers in digital transformation research. Conduct industry collaborative research projects on the technical and management aspects of digital transformation with a specific focus on the utility sector.





Roadmap Workshop

Business Units

Asset Management Asset Systems and Information Governance Asset Lifecycle Planning **Engineering Standards and Assurance Asset Planning Operations** - Supply System Asset Maintenance **Maintenance** Planning Planning, Operations, Delivery Process Engineering Water Quality Project Support Program Delivery OTE Assurance and Performance **OTE Strategy and Planning OTE Delivery Spatial Services** Architecture and Security **Property Services Commercial Services** Strategic Sourcing Work Health and Safety Customer, Strategy & Planning **Integrated Master Planning Project Development** More!!!!











BIM Roadmap Workshop – Process Structure

Identify

Define the Business Case

- What is our Current State?
- What is our Required State?
- How are these measure?
- What is the gap?

How do we get from our current state to our required state?

- Define the change performance measures (KPIs). Use business risk terms.
- Define how to measure risk assessment inputs.
- Ensure all risks to the business are documented and performance gap defined.

seqwater

Assess

Define the Change Requirement

- Why is our current state the way it is?
- What needs to change?

Define the Gap Assessment

• The difference between the current state and the required state.

Road Map

- How do we get there?
- What are the steps?

Conducting Activities for Each Step

OPTIMISED

MAINTENANCE

Improve

Make the change

- Execute the Road Map
- Apply structured Management of Change
- Ensure the changes are documented, risk assessed and approved before they are executed.

Review

Business Case

- Are the risks managed?
- Have we met KPIs?

Additional Work

- Has the change been successful?
- Are any further works required?

Risks

- Have the risks identified in the business case been effectively managed?
- Have any new risks been introduced?
- Are they effectively managed? How do we measure and control this?

BIM Implementation – Key Lessons Learned (*Critical Success Factors*)

- Unnecessary modelling of data to the nth degree (Organisation has a good understanding of the right LOD-LOI requirements that will add value to business functions)
- Lack of integration of systems and failure to update models (*Strategy and requirements must consider all of the organisations' information systems and seamless transfer between them*)
- Failure to implement a proper change management program for the technological improvement opportunity (*Strategy adequately considers people, constraints, organisational structure, etc.*)
- Don't try to change everything at once (*Strategy stages transition sensibly and targets best value opportunities first, and measured benefits are used to further enhance buy-in from employees*)
- Not fully knowing and/or failing to properly communicate to the entire supply chain how the organisation wants information provided to it (*Comprehensive digital strategy with EIR, etc.*)
- Not sufficiently considering software data compatibility, standards and ownership (*Strategy ensures that new and old systems can talk to other and that data is owned by the organisation and not a provider*).
- Particular software solution driving the strategic planning of the organisation (*Organisation* considers the opportunities, constraints and gaps first and then selects software solutions fitting their strategy)

<u>Part 2</u>: Case Study 1: Seqwater Canungra Water Treatment Plant

Canungra WTP A showcase of Laser Scan Integrated BIM

Back-building digital twins of water assets – Getting the LOD-LOI business case right

Dr Sherif Mostafa

Step 1: LiDAR Scanning

Step 2: Object Recognition and Validation

Step 3: Asset Data Using Different LOD & LOI

SCENE Webshare

Plant 3D

Revit

BIM 360 Ops for Common Data Environment

Step 4: Costs of BIM integration

Activity	Coue	FIOCESSES / I UNCUON	Hardware Software		1.1.4		
					Labour	Training	
Experimental BIM De	sign						
LiDAR Scan	C1	Scan survey	AUD:	\$3,500			
Point Cloud	C2	Scanning processes	S 2	H1	L2	т1	
WebShare	C3	Uploading processes	Scan	Packag	ge		
Laser-Scanned	C4	3D Modelling (AEC)	S4	H1	L1	T1	
Integrated BIM	C5	3D Modelling (Pipes, etc.)	S5				
	C6	Smart P&ID Drafting			L3		
	C7	Asset input				T2	
	C8	Validation		H4		тз	
	C9	Upload processes	S6	H1		Т2	
O&M and Potential U	pgrade				-		
Access	C10	WebShare viewing		H4	L3	Т3	
	C11	3D view (Navisworks)	S6	H2	L2	T2	
Input	C12	WebShare data relay		H4			
	C13	Revit data update / relay	S4	нз	L1	T1	
	C14	Plant 3D data update / relay	S5				
Output	C15	WebShare print out		H4	L3	T2	
	C16	Revit data print out	S4	H1		Т3	
	C17	Plant 3D data print out	S5				
Survey	C18	WebShare measuring		H4	L2	T2	

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Step 5: Benefits of BIM Integration to the BAU

Most valuable benefits

				commen	icanon			
Code	Benefit			1			De	
	Top benefits of BIM		B11		B12	B15	D 0	
B1	better design solutions		Dr	B13		B5	B14	
B 2	reduced errors and omissions in project documents		Bo			B17	B4 B9	
B3	better ability to maintain quality					517		
B4	reduced rework during construction							
B 5	better control/ predictability							
B6	reduced cycle time of workflows between multiple parties							
B 7	reduced construction cost	DATA						RISK
B8	improved safety, faster approval cycles							
B9	better safety performance for all companies involved							
B10	reduced project duration						B10	
	Top business impacts of BIM use		B16			D10	B 7	
B11	ability to work collaboratively with other project team companies					B18	2	
B12	increased client satisfaction		BI B2				B3	
B13	overall enhancement of organisations' reputation as an industry							
B14	offering new services							
D14	madrating new business to new alignts			100				
DIS	marketing new outsiness to new chents			ASS	SE I			
B10	ability to attract / retain talented starr							
BI/	maintaining repeat business with past clients							
B18	increased profits on projects using BIM							

COMMUNICATION

Stakeholders' BIM Life Cycle Stage Relevance

			В	BIM life-cycle stage relevance BIM O&M Upgrade Upgrade design construction ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓					
St	takeholders	Code	BIM design	O&M	Upgrade design	Upgrade construction			
BIM technical	BIM Coordinator	St1	~	~	~	~			
team	3D BIM Designers	St2	~	~	~	~			
	Operators	St3		✓					
Facility	Maintenance Officers	St4		~					
Personnel	Scheduler	St5		✓					
	Process engineers	St6		✓	~				
	Facility Manager	St7	~	~					
Managers	Asset Manager	St8	~	~	~	~			
	Project Manager	St9	~	✓		~			
	Main contractors	St10			~	~			
Contractors	StakeholdersCodeBIM design $O&M$ Upgrade design1BIM CoordinatorSt1 \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark 3D BIM DesignersSt2 \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark OperatorsSt3 \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark Maintenance OfficersSt4 \checkmark \checkmark SchedulerSt5 \checkmark \checkmark Process engineersSt6 \checkmark \checkmark Facility ManagerSt7 \checkmark \checkmark Asset ManagerSt8 \checkmark \checkmark Project ManagerSt10 \checkmark Sub-contractorsSt11 \checkmark SuppliersSt12 \checkmark Local residentsSt13 \checkmark Local businessesSt14 \checkmark OthersSt15 \checkmark State governmentSt18 \checkmark National governmentSt19 \checkmark ArchitectsSt20 \checkmark EngineersSt21 \checkmark	~							
	Suppliers	St12			~	✓			
	Local residents	St13			~				
Clients	Local businesses	St14			~				
	Others	St15			~				
	Seqwater	St16	~	~	~	~			
Ommor/o	Local government	St17			~	~			
Owner/s	State government	St18				~			
	National government	St19			~	✓			
AEC	Architects	St20			\checkmark	~			
nrofessionals	Engineers	St21			~	~			
Professionals	Construction personnel	St22			~	~			

Laser Scan Integrated BIM Cost-benefit Data Map

Relevance BIM life cycle stage										
Stakeholders	Webshare Cloud	LS-I- BIM	BIM design	O&M	Upgrade design	Upgrade construction	Potential Costs	Potential Benefits		
BIM coordinator	~	~	~	~	✓	√	C1 to C14	B1 to B3, B5, B8 to B9		
3D BIM Designers	✓	~	✓	✓	√	√	C1 to C14	B1 to B3, B5, B8 to B9		
Operators	√	 ✓ 	•	✓		1	C10 to C18	B2, B3, B5, B6, B8, B9		
Maintenance Planners	√	✓		√		•	C10 to C18	B2, B3, B5, B6, B8, B9		
Schedulers	\checkmark	✓		✓			C10 to C18	B2, B3, B5, B6, B8, B9		
Process engineers	√	✓		✓	✓		C9 to C18	B2, B3, B5, B6, B8, B9		
Facility Manager	√	~	~	✓		•	C10 to C11, C5 to C17	B2, B3, B5 to B9, B11 to B18		
Asset Manager	√	✓	✓	√	√	✓	C4 to C18	B2, B3, B5 to B9, B11 to B18		
Project Manager	√	~	✓	~		✓	C10 to C11, C5 to C17	B2, B3, B5 to B9, B11 to B18		
Main contractors	√	•		•	√	~	C10 to C11, C15 to C18	B2, B3, B5, B6, B8, B9, B11 to B18		
Sub-contractors	√	•			✓	✓	C10 to C11, C15 to C18	B2, B3, B5, B6, B8, B9, B11 to B18		
Suppliers	√	•	•		√	✓	C10 to C11, C15 to C18	B2, B3, B5, B6, B8, B9, B11 to B18		
Local residents	√				\checkmark		C10	B12, B14, B15, B17		
Local businesses	√	•	•		\checkmark	•	C10	B12, B14, B15, B17		
Others	\checkmark				\checkmark		C10	B12, B14, B15, B17		
Seqwater	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	C10 to C11, C5 to C17	B1 to B18		
Local government	√				√	✓	C10	B1 to B18		
State government	√		•		✓	✓	C10	B1 to B18		
National government	\checkmark				\checkmark	✓	C10	B1 to B18		
Architects	√	✓	•	•	✓	✓	C4 to C18	B1 to B11, B16 to B18		
Engineers	√	✓			\checkmark	✓	C4 to C18	B1 to B11, B16 to B18		
Construction personnel	√	~			\checkmark	~	C9 to C18	B1 to B11, B16 to B18		

Comparison of Different LOD Models

					~							
					1	Ì		LiDAR scan 3D model – LOD 300		LOD 350 to LOD 400		LOD 500
			LOD 400			÷		Eutonoius assat		Eutonaius assat		Eutopolius assat
Live interaction	~		~	~		ΞĨ		information		information		information
All asset data & info	~	~	✓	~				O&M capability but		Extensive CAD and		Highly functional but
Manufacturer & supply data	~	~	~	~				costly model	S	asset information		costly model
AEC design		✓		~				LiDAR scan 3D		LOD 350 to LOD 400	(R)	LOD 500
External link attachment	~	~	~	✓		-	W	model – LOD 300			S	
Pipe & plant creation		~	✓	~		diun		Moderate asset	1.8s ^o	Moderate asset		Moderate asset
Simulation		~	~	~		ž	9	information		information		information
"Smart" P&ID			~	✓				Some O&M capability		Some O&M and design canability		O&M and design
Clash detection		✓	~	✓				copublicy		design capability		capability
GIS data	~	✓	~	✓				LiDAR scan 3D		LOD 350 to LOD 400		LOD 500
Single mode assembly		~		✓			and the second s	model – LOD 300				
Phone access	~			~		Ň		Minimum asset		Minimum asset		Minimum asset
O&M manuals & other data	~	~	~	~		-		mormation		mormation		mormation
Reduces construction costs & duration		~	~	~				Low cost visualisation model	C s	Extensive CAD work required		Limited O&M but design
Life cycle & maintenance data	~		~	~								
Quality reports		~	~	~				Low		Medium		High
Bill of materials		~	~	~					Love	al of Detail (LOD)		

Recommendations

- The SCENE WebShare model LOD 300 can be implemented as a temporary solution for O&M purposes.
- Plant 3D model LOD 400 for the design and process engineering and the amount of possible input provided
- BIM 360 LOD 500 is recommended when a WTP or a new section of an existing one has to be constructed.
- Create 3D digital scans of all of built assets (i.e. point cloud digital twins) by employing a small survey team and purchase LiDAR scanning equipment which would be useful for a range of functions including remote visual checking, safety training, asset identification, model creation for later refurbishments, etc.
- Having well defined software use and data/model exchange workflows. A clear plan of software available and processes needs to be outlined before 3D modelling can proceed.

<u>Part 3</u>: Case Study 2: QLD Government Department of Housing and Public Works

Evaluating the Benefits of BIM for life cycle asset maintenance of remote government housing

Dr Emiliya Suprun

O&M Challenges

- Remote locations are often located many kilometers from service centers
- OH&S challenges
- Expensive contractor services
- Travel times rapidly blowout a housing repairs and maintenance budget
- Maintenance scheduling
- Performance measurement
- Traceability of specific materials or components

Recorded Cases: Asset Groups

Remote Housing: O&M

Recorded Cases: Defects by Nature of Impact

Remote Housing: Critical Assets

Air-conditioning

Building Structure

- Roofs
- Windows
- External & Internal stairs
- Walls
- Stumps & Posts

Internal and External Finishes

- Internal & External wall finishes
- Internal & External floor finishes
- Internal & External structure finishes

Site Upgrades

- Internal & External structure components
- Boundary walls, fences and gates
- Driveways & Footpaths
- Foundation & Slabs
- Plumbing upgrades
- Hard surfaced & Paved areas
- Landscaping & Gardening
- Retaining walls
- Drainage

BIM for Remote Housing Maintenance

\$/Dwelling/Year

BAU vs BIM-enabled Operation and Maintenance for regional and remote government housing

🖬 BIM-enabled O&M 🛛 🗧 BAU

Modelling the life cycle asset maintenance business case for BIM

Benefits of BIM Implementation for Asset Management in Remote Regions

- Resource saving within the Department of Housing and Public Works
- Resource saving by contractors
- Close control and monitoring of critical assets
- Improved statistical data collection and evaluation
- Rework cost savings up to 25% for individual assets
- Easy-to-use unite "ecosystem"

Source: Department of Housing and Public Works

- Better understanding of assets
- Enhanced quality of maintenance services for public houses

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- Sustainable Built Environment National Research Centre (SBEnrc) and its partners for funding Projects 2.64: Unlocking Facility Value Through Life Cycle Thinking
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